

THE MARYLAND GAZETTE

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 2, 1775. 285

from the subscriber, living in the lower  
prince George's county, on the 11th day  
negro man, named Ireland, born in the  
about 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, slender  
the fore teeth in his upper jaw beat out  
ago, and now in the same place among  
ng, on the right side of his neck and  
nder his jaw, there is some scars which  
occasioned by some distemper he had in  
had the small pox and a little pitted,  
oken man, not impertinent, but very  
on and too away with him, an old  
jacket, one pair of petti oat trouters of  
of old white tustian breeches, one new  
one old white shirt, and one Monmouth  
r secures the said negro, so that i can  
n, shall receive 20 shillings more than  
d by law.  
of ships, and other vessels, are forbid  
at their peril.  
JOHN BAPTIST BOSWELL.

Baltimore City, August 18, 1775.  
public vendue, on the 20th day of No-  
ember next, on the premises,  
dwelling plantation of William Black,  
containing 224 acres of land, with  
good improvements thereon, living  
of Baltimore-town; also all the stock  
es, hogs, and sheep, household goods, &c.  
ROBERT BLACK, ex officio,

TO BE SOLD,  
great light charriot and harness for two  
cuquir, at Mr. Brown's, in Annapolis if

er, and Elizabeth his wife, and Elizabeth  
Against—Thomas Williams, and Eli-  
wife; which said Elizabeth is devise of  
Wilkinson, late of Queen-Anne's coun-

IN CHANCERY.  
AS the said Daniel Minter, and Eliza-  
his wife, and Elizabeth M'Manus, have  
in this court against the said devise and  
of the said Christopher Wilkinson, to  
to reconvey and assign certain lands there-  
to the complainants which were her-  
eased by them to the said Christopher Wil-  
the said complainants paying the principal  
due on the said mortgage. This is  
give notice, that unless the said Thomas  
and Elizabeth his wife, do and shall appear  
all within six months from the date hereof,  
use to the contrary, a final order and de-  
and be given by the said court of chan-  
cause thereof said.  
Signed per order,  
GEO. RANKEN, register.

OUR DOLLARS REWARD.  
away the first instant from the subscriber,  
ng near Lower-Marlborough, in Calvert  
English servant man, named Daniel Stule,  
8 inches high, well made, about 46 years  
in complexion, his hair very lately been  
d the back of his head sore, his thumb and  
r of his left hand fresh cut, has a fore feel-  
sion him to limp at times, shows his teeth  
he talks, and has the North country dis-  
a lawyer, though pretends to be a gar-  
eaver; had on and took with him two ef-  
fusia fleecing shirts, two pair of osnabrig  
pair of white serge breeches with metal but-  
grey farnought jacket with black horn  
wankin jacket with black buttons and  
black ferret, an old calico bar, a pair of  
ed shoes double vamp'd—I understand he  
change his name, and said he never would  
a servant, that he intended to travel to  
ake his escape more secure, and that he in-  
fession to general Gage, who he understood  
ft all servants who came to him. Who I  
said servant and secures him, &c. that I  
in, shall have the above reward, including  
lows, and reasonable charges if brought  
by—  
WILLIAM ALLEN.

April 10, 1775.  
N POUNDS REWARD.  
way from the subscriber, living in Kent  
Mary and, the 8th of this instant, two  
ed servants, each of which has about three  
viz.

ELANIS, about thirty years of age, a  
well made fellow, about five feet ten inches  
tall, well faced, short dark hair; had on and  
him, a good brown broad cloth coat, and  
t jacket and breeches, and a pair of black  
breeches, with yellow metal buttons, an  
at with new large sleeves, shirts, shoes and  
his calling a ditcher or brickmaker.  
ELANY, about 26 years of age, five feet  
high, well made, fair skin, ruddy com-  
port brown hair; had on and took with him,  
cket made sailor fashion, a purple under  
white shirt, one or two check shirts, much  
felt hat, a black silk handkerchief round  
pair of white kersey breeches, and a pair of  
breeches, one pair of Scotch Kilmarnock,  
r of Kendall ribbed hose mixed black and  
pair of half worn shoes, and square steel  
e writes a good hand; and they have both  
different parts of Pennsylvania. Whoever  
the aforesaid servants, and secures them so  
subscriber may have them again, shall receive  
reward, if taken out of the province, if in  
e, six pounds, or half the above reward for

RICHARD GRAVES.  
BEN.

L O N D O N.  
King's Arms Tavern, Cornhill, June 7.

A T a special meeting this day of several mem-  
bers of the constitutional society, during  
an adjournment, a gentleman proposed that  
a subscription should be immediately enter-  
ed into by such of the members present  
who might approve the purpose, for raising the sum of  
one hundred pounds to be applied to the relief of the  
widows, orphans, and aged parents of our beloved  
merican fellow-subjects, who, faithful to the character  
of Englishmen, preferring death to slavery, were, for  
that reason only, inhumanly murdered by the King's  
troops, at or near Lexington and Concord, in the pro-  
vince of Massachusetts on the 19th of last April.  
Which sum being immediately collected, it was there-  
upon resolved,

That Mr. Horne do pay to-morrow into the hands  
of Mess. Brownes and Colliton, on the account of Dr.  
Franklin the said sum of one hundred pounds; and that  
Dr. Franklin be requested to apply the same to the above-  
mentioned purpose.

We hear that Lord Percy has sent home a scalp of a  
very singular kind, by way of trophy, to show that he is  
not so much afraid of bush-fighting as the ladies in ge-  
neral have supposed him to be.

"To drive the deer with hound and horn,  
Earl Percy too! his way &c."  
The ministry begin to tremble at the approaching ci-  
vil war in the colonies. They were in hopes, however  
sturdy the Bostonians might appear at first, they would  
yield to the resolutions of the privy-council confirmed  
by parliament, and enforced by an army of regulars;  
and however disagreeable the measures were, they were  
in hopes to have carried the favourable point for their  
master the throne, without any serious consequences.  
They are now sensible of their error, and heartily wish  
themselves out of the scrape; but the cot-headed leader finds  
himself reduced to the alternative of pushing the business  
to the utmost extremity of all hazards, or submitting to  
his own downfall. The heads of the Americans must  
be taken from their shoulders, or his may be fixed upon  
Temple-bar.

By advices from several provinces of America, we  
learn, that it was determined, that one man in ten should  
be sent to oppose the regulars in their unjust attempts  
to enslave the colonies. Such was the spirit of the people  
in every district, that all of them unanimously insisted  
on setting out immediately to fight the enemy. It was  
with much ado that the more prudent people could pre-  
vent whole provinces from being entirely desolated and  
unpeopled, as the inhabitants all rose like one man, and  
called out to be led on against the common enemy.

C A M B R I D G E, October 12.  
Last Tuesday one of our privateers from Beverly, ha-  
ving been on a cruise in the bay, was followed, on her  
return into port, by the Nautilus man of war. The pri-  
vateer run aground in a cove a little without Beverly  
harbour, where the people speedily assembled, stripped  
her, and carried her guns, &c. ashore. The man of  
war was soon with gun-shot, when she also got aground;  
she however let go an anchor, and bringing her broad-  
side to bear, began to fire upon the privateer. The  
people of Salem and Beverly soon returned the compli-  
ment from a number of cannon on shore, keeping up a  
warm and well directed fire on the man of war, for two  
or three hours, and it is supposed did her considerable  
damage, and probably killed and wounded some of her  
men; but before they could board her, which they were  
preparing to do, the tide arose about 3 in the evening,  
when she cut her cable and got off. Some of her shot  
struck one or two buildings in Beverly, but no lives were  
lost on our side, and the privateer damaged very little,  
if any.  
No express is yet arrived here with an account of the  
taking of Montreal.

N E W - L O N D O N, O B. 13.

Extra of a letter from the master of a transport in the Spa-  
nish service, to a gentleman in this town, dated Alicante,  
July 28, 1775.

"We have made one attempt upon Algiers with our  
formidable fleet of near 200 sail, composed of all nations,  
and came off unsuccessful, having lost 7225 killed and  
wounded. Although the army behaved very well, yet  
the fleet acted as Spaniards always do—never went within  
two miles of the batteries (except some frigates and  
xebecs that went to cover the army in landing, who went  
within half a mile of the shore, trimmed their trees for  
them, and did little else.) The army was on shore near  
twenty hours (some of them) where they got a warm re-  
ception, and was glad to get off with the loss of six field  
pieces and a deal of other stuff. The next day the Al-  
gerines diverted themselves by burning the fascine bat-  
teries and the dead bodies that were left behind. There  
is some talk of making another attempt; if they take up  
with my advice they will stop this season."

Extra of a letter from the master of another vessel in the  
same service, to a gentleman here, dated Alicante, July  
29, 1775.

"The fleet which I now belong to was defeated at  
Algiers. The navy suffered very little, as they took  
care to keep out of shot; but the army suffered much.  
They landed under the command of Gen. O'Reilly, the  
8th inst. in the morning, about four miles distant from  
the town of Algiers, and had a very warm reception  
from the Turks, both horse and infantry. The battle  
lasted from four in the morning until twelve at night, at  
which time the Spanish army was obliged to reembark.  
The loss on both sides was very considerable: By the

best intelligence we can get from the Spanish army, the  
killed and wounded amount to 7500 Spaniards. The ac-  
tion on both sides was vigorous, but our troops lost the  
day. The Spanish army amounted to 20,000 men; as to  
the Turks we cannot give you an account of the num-  
ber, but by what I saw, I rather think their number was  
superior to ours. The day after the battle, in the pre-  
sence of our fleet, the Turks cut off the heads of the dead  
Spanish troops, and burnt their carcases. We arrived  
at this place after a passage of three days. Spain is in  
great confusion on account of their ill success, &c.  
Letter from a merchant at Alicante to a gentleman  
in this town, dated July 25th, says,—Another expedi-  
tion is talked of at all events."

N E W - Y O R K, October 26.

By accounts from England, brought in his majesty's  
ship Cerberus, arrived at Boston, we are informed, that  
Admiral Molineux Shuldham is ordered to Boston,  
with a fleet consisting of three ships of war of fifty, two  
of forty, three of thirty-two, two of twenty-eight guns,  
two sloops and a bomb vessel; and we are assured, that  
letters are received at Boston which afford great reason  
to hope a reconciliation will take place between Great-  
Britain and her colonies. General Gage had sailed for  
England.

We hear that the fleet which left Boston some time  
ago, consisted of a number of vessels, bound to different  
ports, and was not destined for any particular port.

A French brigantine from Cape Fran-  
cois, which had sprung a leak at sea, came into this  
port to repair.

Thursday last the Harriot packet, capt. Lee, sailed  
with the mail for Portsmouth. In the packet were the  
following passengers, viz. Lloyd DeLong, Esq; and his  
lady; the hon. Samuel Corneli, Esq; major Ethering-  
ton, capt. Kelly, Dr. George Hart, Mr. William  
Stewart, Mr. George Digges, Mr. Edmund Brice, and  
Mr. August Child.

His majesty's sloop of war, the Viper, capt. Graves,  
sailed for Boston the same day, and from Sandy-Hook  
on Saturday and carried with him the brig Harmony,  
capt. Osborn Corcoran, with salt, belonging to Mr.  
Nixon, of this port; the brig —, capt. Lightburn,  
from Bermuda, loaded with salt likewise, belonging to  
Mr. William Malcom, &c. a new vessel, Bermuda  
built, and thus her first voyage; and the sloop Polly,  
capt. Harris, from Antigua, loaded with sugar and mo-  
lasses, belonging to Messrs. Mott and Bowne, and the  
carg, to Mr. William Currie. They were all seized  
between this and Sandy-Hook.

The following letters were omitted in our last.

"Committee-chamber, New-York, Oct. 13.  
"SIR,

"The committee have taken into consideration  
the letter your worship received from his excellency  
governor Tryon, of this date. From unquestionable  
authority they are assured, that the provincial congress  
have received no order or recommendation to seize his  
excellency's person, or the persons of any of the other  
officers of this government.

"It is with pleasure, Sir, we can assure you, as far  
as we can judge, that his excellency's conduct has  
given general satisfaction to our fellow-citizens, and  
confiding in his friendly dispositions towards the inha-  
bitants of this colony, it is our earnest wish that he will  
continue to reside among us.

"I am, with much respect,  
"Your worship's obedient  
"And very humble servant,  
"(By order of the general committee)  
HENRY KEMSER, chairman.

"Whitehead Hicks, Esq; mayor  
"of the city of New-York."

On board the Halifax packet, O B. 19.

SIR,

"FINDING your letter of yesterday insufficient for  
the security I requested from the corporation and citi-  
zens, and objectionable for the mode in which you ob-  
tained the sense of the inhabitants, my duty directed  
me, for the present instant, to remove on board this  
ship; where I shall be ready to do such business of the  
country as the situation of the times will permit. The  
citizens, as well as the inhabitants, of the province,  
may be assured of my inclination to embrace every  
means in my power to restore the peace, good order and  
authority of government.

"I am, Sir,  
"Your most obedient servant,  
"WILLIAM TRYON.  
"Whitehead Hicks, Esq; mayor  
"of the city of New-York."

O B. 23. On the 12th instant arrived here on his re-  
turn from the Provincial camp at Cambridge, and on  
the 18th departed this life, of a fever, the 28th year  
of his age, Michael Creslap, Esq; eldest son of Col.  
Thomas Creslap, of Patowmack, in Virginia: He was  
captain of a rifle company now in the continental army  
before Boston. He served as a captain under the com-  
mand of Lord Dunmore, in the late expedition against  
the Indians, in which he eminently distinguished himself  
by his prudence, firmness and intrepidity, as a brave  
officer; and in the present contest between the parent  
state and the colonies, gave proofs of his attachment to  
the rights and liberties of his country. He has left a  
widow and four children to deplore the loss of a husband  
and a father; and by his death his country is deprived  
of a worthy and esteemed citizen.

His remains were interred the day following, in Tri-  
nity-church-yard, with military honours, attended by  
a vast concourse of people.

P H I L A D E L P H I A, October 23.

By an express arrived at Hartford, on the 8th inst.  
from Ticonderoga, we have certain intelligence that  
our people are in possession of Montreal; that they  
have taken a quantity of provisions going to the enemy  
at St. John's; intercepted a letter from the commander  
of the fort to general Carleton, informing him that he  
had not more than three weeks provision, and must  
speedily give up, unless some relief could be had. We  
are further advised, that our people had entrenched  
near the fort, were about to attack it, and that articles  
of capitulation had been proposed by the enemy, but  
rejected by general Montgomery.

Extra of a letter from Manchester, July 29.

"General Burgoyne has an uncle that lives in this  
place, and he received a letter from him last Sunday.  
He writes that the Americans are exceeding obstinate,  
and their numbers incredible, and that he thinks them  
invincible. — Says Howe used many arguments with  
general Gage to prevail on him to permit him to go out  
to fight the provincials, but he gave him such substan-  
tial reasons against it that it dropped. He also writes  
that a great mistake had been made at the war-office,  
having sent the cannon without carriages. This was  
communicated to me by a person who heard the letter  
read."

We hear from Canada, that the lieutenant governor  
who commands at Quebec during the absence of Carle-  
ton, has about 1000 Canadians embodied, but they are  
so strongly suspected that it is thought prudent not to  
trust them with a larger quantity of ammunition than  
four rounds.

Last Sunday died of an apoplectic stroke, in the 53d  
year of his age, the honourable Peyton Pandolph, Esq;  
of Virginia, late president of the continental congress,  
and speaker of the house of burgesses of Virginia; a  
gentleman who possessed the virtues of humanity in an  
eminent degree, and joining with them the soundest  
judgment, was the delight of his friends in private  
life, and a most valuable member of society, having  
long filled, and with great ability and integrity dis-  
charged the most honourable public trusts. — To the  
truth of this, his family, his friends, and his country  
bear mournful testimony.

And yesterday afternoon his remains were removed  
from Mr. Benjamin Andol's, to Christ church, where  
an excellent sermon on the mournful occasion, was  
preached by the Rev. Mr. Duché, after which, the  
corps was carried to the burial ground and deposited  
in a vault till it can be conveyed to Virginia.

Extra of a letter from Montreal, September 16.

"I wish it was possible for me to give you an exact  
account of what is doing at St. John's, all the avenues  
for truth being shut by government; at one time we  
are told that the provincials are at Isle Aux Noix, at  
another time, that they are landed near St. John's;  
sometimes since we are told that about eighty Indians  
had drove off twelve hundred provincials from a place  
where they had landed about one mile and a half from  
St. John's; immediately after that report was spread,  
out comes another that 1500 were entrenched opposite  
to St. John's: it is now reported that about 200 that  
were intrenching themselves between St. John's and  
Chamblie, with a view to cut off the communication  
were beat off by the troops, that some prisoners were  
made, who were asked what induced them to make  
such an attempt with so few men, they answered that  
they were made to believe that they would be joined  
by 2000 Canadians. It is said that capt. Hazen and  
Mr. Tucker, formerly in the army, had joined the  
provincials, and were amongst the prisoners; it is like-  
wise reported that general Schuyler sent circular letters  
unto the parishes on the south shore. You will be a-  
ble to pick out the truth from the above, if any there  
be. We have here and at Sorell four armed vessels,  
one of which is the armed brigantine Gaspee, the other  
vessels belonging to Quebec. The English and French  
mount guard regularly, I doubt its continuing: It is  
very certain that the inhabitants on the river Chamblie  
have absolutely refused to take arms against the Provin-  
cials, which may be looked on as the sentiments of the  
greatest part of the Canadians."

Extra of a letter from Quebec dated September 18.

"The 17th instant, at the request of the lieutenant  
governor, the British and Canadian inhabitants assem-  
bled on the parade, the latter were formed into 12  
companies, the former into 6. The British and Cana-  
dian militia for this place will consist of about 1100  
men, many of whom neglect, and others think the duty  
hard, and the greater part are dissatisfied with the con-  
duct of government, as every day convinces them that  
they are deceived. The snow fell, of Whitbay, is  
taken into government service, to be commanded by  
capt. Napier, it is said he is to carry eighteen six and  
nine pounders; the ship Charlotte, belonging to Mr.  
Roach, of Rhode-Island; likewise a sloop and schooner  
of this place, can't inform you what force they will  
carry; they have also a small vessel that is sent express  
to Boston. Our militia mount guard from nine to nine  
in the morning; as yet they have not received any  
ammunition, except four rounds in the evening, which  
gives reason to believe that government is afraid to trust  
them with a larger quantity. The public in general are  
dissatisfied with government, for not letting them know  
the true state of the province, which may be supposed